

SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, WHMIS 2015 and Safe Work Australia

Revision date: 7 February 2023 Date of previous issue: 11 November 2022 SDS No. 476B-1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

ARC SL-E (Part B)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: When mixed with Part A it can be used as a standalone coating or it may be blended with a graded

silica flour and applied as a self-leveling floor coating. It may also be applied as a resin bed and

aggregate can be broadcast into it for slip resistance.

Uses advised against: No information available
Reason why uses advised against: Not applicable
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Supplier:

A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY

860 Salem Street

Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA

Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785

(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST) SDS requests: www.chesterton.com

E-mail (SDS questions): ProductSDSs@chesterton.com

E-mail: <u>customer.service@chesterton.com</u>

Canada: A.W. Chesterton Company Ltd., 889 Fraser Drive, Unit 105, Burlington, Ontario L7L 4X8 – Tel. 905-335-5055

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053

Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect) NSW Poisons Information Centre (Australia): 13 11 26

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / Safe Work Australia / GHS

Acute toxicity, Category 4, H302 Skin corrosion, Category 1B, H314 Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318 Skin sensitization, Category 1, H317

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, Category 3, H412

2.1.2. Additional information

For full text of H-statements: see SECTIONS 2.2 and 16.

2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / Safe Work Australia / GHS

Hazard pictograms:

!

Signal word: Danger

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Hazard statements:	H302 H314 H317 H412	Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements:	P303/361/353 P304/340	Do not breathe mist/vapours. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
0		

Supplemental information: None

2.3. Other hazards

The safety and health hazards are detailed separately for Part A and Part B. The final cured material is considered nonhazardous. Upon machining, refer to the precautions in the safety data sheets for Part A and Part B.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures			
Hazardous Ingredients ¹	% Wt.	CAS No.	GHS Classification
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine (Synonym: Isophoronediamine)	30 - 60	2855-13-2	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1, H317
Benzyl alcohol	30 - 60	100-51-6	Acute Tox. 4, H302/332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer	10 - 30	68609-08-5	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician.

Skin contact: Flood area with water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash clothing before reuse. Consult physician.

Eye contact: Flush eyes for at least 30 minutes with large amounts of water. Contact physician.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Prevent

aspiration of vomit. Turn victim's head to the side. Contact physician immediately.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with

the product while providing aid to the victim. See section 8.2.2 for recommendations on personal

protective equipment.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Direct contact will cause burns to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. High vapor concentrations may cause respiratory tract irritation. May cause allergic skin sensitization.

¹ Classified according to: 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F), WHMIS 2015, Safe Work Australia, GHS

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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms. Application of corticosteroid cream has been effective in treating skin irritation.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

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Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand, limestone powder or water fog

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide. May generate: ammonia gas, toxic

nitrogen oxide gases. Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes.

Other hazards: Do not allow runoff from firefighting to enter drains or water courses.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

A face shield should be worn. Use personal protective equipment. Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Australian HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code: 2 Z

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill to a small area. Pick up with absorbent material (sand, sawdust, clay, etc.) and place in a suitable container for disposal. Flush floor with dilute (5%) Acetic Acid. Collect rinsate for proper disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid all direct contact. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Contaminated leather including shoes cannot be decontaminated and should be discarded. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container closed when not in use. Store in cool, dry area. Do not store near acids.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Ingredients	OSH	A PEL ¹	ACGI	H TLV ²	AUSTR	ALIA ES³
	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexylamine	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzyl alcohol	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexylamine, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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- ¹ United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits
- ² American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values
- ³ Safe Work Australia, Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering measures

Provide adequate ventilation. If necessary, provide local exhaust. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: In case of insufficient ventilation, utilize an approved (amine) organic vapor respirator. During

spraying, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Protective gloves: Chemical resistant gloves (e.g., nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, neoprene)

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine:

Contact type	Glove material	Layer thickness	Breakthrough time
Full	nitrile rubber	0.40 mm	> 480 min.
Splash	neoprene	0.65 mm	> 30 min.

Eye and face protection: Safety goggles.

Other: Impervious clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid	рН	not applicable
Colour	colorless	Kinematic viscosity	100 cps @ 25°C
Odour	Irritating	Solubility in water	not determined
Odour threshold	not determined	Partition coefficient	no data available

Boiling point or range 225°C (437°F) vapour pressure @ 20°C

Melting point/freezing pointnot applicableDensity and/or relative density1.0 kg/l% Volatile (by volume)0%Weight per volume8.35 lbs/gal.

Flammability no data available Vapour density (air=1) > 1
Lower/upper flammability or not applicable Rate of evaporation (ether=1) < 1

explosion limits

Flash point 110°C (230°F) % Aromatics by weight 0%

MethodPM Closed CupParticle characteristicsnot applicableAutoignition temperaturenot determinedExplosive propertiesnot applicableDecomposition temperaturenot determinedOxidising propertiesnot applicable

9.2. Other information

None

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reaction with peroxides may result in violent decomposition of peroxide possibly creating an explosion.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames and red hot surfaces.

0.70 mmHg @ 21°C (70°F)

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10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids and strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen. Reactive metals. Materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, NOx, Ammonia and other toxic fumes (by combustion). Nitrogen oxide can react with water vapors to form corrosive nitric acid.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Primary route of exposure under normal use:
Acute toxicity -

Inhalation, skin and eye contact. Personnel with pre-existing allergies, eczema or skin conditions may be aggravated by exposure.

Oral:

Harmful if swallowed. ATE-mix = 1,480.6 mg/kg

Substance	Test	Result
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-	LD50, rat	1,030 mg/kg
trimethylcyclohexylamine		
Benzyl alcohol	LD50, rat	1,230 mg/kg
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-	LD50, rat	3,100 mg/kg
trimethylcyclohexylamine, reaction		
products with bisphenol A diglycidyl		
ether homopolymer		

Dermal:

May be harmful in contact with skin. ATE-mix = 2,366.9 mg/kg

Substance	Test	Result
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-	LD50, rat	> 2,000 mg/kg
trimethylcyclohexylamine		
Benzyl alcohol	LD50, rabbit	> 2,000 mg/kg
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-	LD50, rat	> 2,000 mg/kg
trimethylcyclohexylamine, reaction		
products with bisphenol A diglycidyl		
ether homopolymer		

Inhalation:

High vapor concentrations may cause respiratory tract irritation. ATE-mix > 20 mg/l (vapour). ATE-mix > 6.59 mg/l (mist).

Substance	Test	Result
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-	LC50, rat, 4 h	> 5.01 mg/l (mist,
trimethylcyclohexylamine		analytical)
Benzyl alcohol	LC50, rat, 4 h	11 mg/l (cATpE,
		vapour)
Benzyl alcohol	LC50, rat, 4 h	> 4.178 mg/l (mist)

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Causes burns.

Substance	Test	Result
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-	Skin irritation, rabbit	Corrosive
trimethylcyclohexylamine		
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-	Skin irritation, rabbit	Corrosive
trimethylcyclohexylamine, reaction		
products with bisphenol A diglycidyl		
ether homopolymer		

Serious eye damage/ irritation:

Causes serious eye damage.

Substance	Test	Result
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexylamine	Eye irritation, rabbit, OECD 405	Corrosive
Benzyl alcohol	Eye irritation, rabbit, OECD 405	Irritating

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

May cause allergic skin sensitization.

Substance	Test	Result
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-	Skin sensitization,	Sensitizing
trimethylcyclohexylamine	guinea pig, OECD 406	_

Germ cell mutagenicity: 3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, Benzyl alcohol: based on available data, the

classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: This product contains no carcinogens as listed by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the Occupational Safety and Health

Administration (OSHA) or the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA).

Reproductive toxicity: 3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine: developmental NOAEL > 250 mg/kg/day;

maternal NOEL 50 mg/kg/day; not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Benzyl alcohol: not

expected to be a reproductive toxicant.

STOT – single exposure: 3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, Benzyl alcohol: based on available data, the

classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure:

Substance	Test	Result
Benzyl alcohol	90-day oral subchronic	NOAEL: 400
	study	mg/kg/day
3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-	90-day oral subchronic	NOAEL: 59
trimethylcyclohexylamine	study, 3756OECD 408	mg/kg/day (male),
	-	62 mg/kg/day
		(female)

Aspiration hazard: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Other information: None known

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. 3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine: 48 h EC50 (for daphnia) 23 mg/l (OECD 202); 72 h ErC50 (for algae) > 50 mg/l (EC 88/302); chronic NOEC (Daphnia magna, 21 days) 3 mg/l.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine: may biodegrade, not readily biodegradable. Benzyl alcohol: readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine: low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF [QSAR]: 3.16). Benzyl alcohol: low potential for bioaccumulation (log Kow: 1.1).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Liquid. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9). 3-Aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine: log Koc (QSAR) = 2.97. Benzyl alcohol: expected to have very high mobility in soils.

12.5. Other adverse effects

None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Unreacted components are a special waste. Combine resin and curative. The final cured material is considered nonhazardous. Landfill sealed containers with a properly licensed facility. May be incinerated at an appropriate facility. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: UN2735 UN2735 UN2735 UN2735

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14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

(3-AMINOMETHYL-3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE/CYCLOALIPHATIC AMINE)

TDG: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

(3-AMINOMETHYL-3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE/CYCLOALIPHATIC AMINE)

US DOT: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

(3-AMINOMETHYL-3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE/CYCLOALIPHATIC AMINE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: 8
TDG: 8
US DOT: 8

14.4. Packing group

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: || TDG: || US DOT: ||

14.5. Environmental hazards

NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

NO SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

NOT APPLICABLE

14.8. Other information

US DOT: ERG NO. 153

May be shipped as Limited Quantities in packaging having a rated capacity gross weight of 66 lb. or less and in inner packages not over 1 Liter (49 CFR 173.154 (b),(1))

IMDG: EmS F-A, S-B, IMDG segregation group 18-Alkalis ADR: Classification code C7, Tunnel restriction code (E)

ADG HAZCHEM CODE: 2X HIN: 88/80

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. National regulations

US EPA SARA TITLE III

312 Hazards: Chemicals subject to reporting requirements of Section 313 of EPCRA

and of 40 CFR 372:

Acute toxicity None

Skin corrosion Serious eye damage Skin sensitization

TSCA: All chemical components are listed in the TSCA inventory.

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Other national regulations: None

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods Code

and acronyms: ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF: Bioconcentration Factor

cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity point Estimate

ES: Exposure Standard

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

N/A: Not Applicable NA: Not Available

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL: No Observed Effect Level

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

(Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TWA: Time Weighted Average

US DOT: United States Department of Transportation WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

Key literature references Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST)

and sources for data:

Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals

Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to GHS:

Classification	Classification procedure	
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method	
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Bridging principle "Dilution"	
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method	

Relevant H-statements: H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictogram names: Corrosion, exclamation mark

Further information: None

Date of last revision: 7 February 2023

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Sections 1.2, 3, 5.2, 8.1, 9.1, 11, 14.1, 14.2, 14.4, 14.8, 15.1, 16.

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.